Clay County Soccer Club

Athletic Association Standards and Procedures for Child Abuse Prevention (Standards and Procedures conforming to FS 943.0438)

I. The following Standards and Procedures shall be adopted and added to this Athletic Association's bylaws:

Clay County Soccer Club shall:

- (1) Conduct a level 1 background screening pursuant to Florida Statutes s. <u>435.03</u> of each current and prospective athletic coach which shall include assistant coaches and anyone with a supervisory role over a team's development, practice and play. The Association may not delegate this responsibility to an individual team and may not authorize any person to act as an athletic coach unless and until a level 1 background screening is conducted and the screening does not result in disqualification under subsection 2 below. A Level 1 background screening shall be conducted annually for each athletic coach. For purposes of this section, a background screening shall include a search of the athletic coach's name or other identifying information against state and federal registries of sexual predators and sexual offenders, which are available to the public on Internet sites provided by:
 - The Department of Law Enforcement under s. <u>943.043</u>;
 <u>FDLE Florida Sexual Offenders and Predators Registries</u>
 and
 - The Attorney General of the United States under 42 U.S.C. s. 16920.
 United States Department of Justice National Sex Offender Public Website

For purposes of these standards and procedures, a background screening conducted by a commercial consumer reporting agency in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act using the name and identifying information referred to above that also includes a Level 1 background screening and a search of the sexual predator and sexual offender Internet sites listed in sub-subsections 1.a. and 1.b., above shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.

- (2) Disqualify any person from acting as an athletic coach, as provided in Florida Statutes s. <u>435.03</u> (appended) if he or she is identified on a registry described in Subsection (1). The association may allow a person disqualified under this subsection to act as an athletic coach if it determines that the person meets the requirements for an exemption from disqualification pursuant to Section <u>435.07</u>, Florida Statutes (appended).
- (3) Within 7 business days following the date the results of a background screening under Section 1 are received, provide written notice to a person who is disqualified under this section advising the person of the results and of his or her disqualification.
- (4) Maintain for at least 5 years documentation of:
 - a. The results for each person screened under sub-section (1); and
 - b. The written notice of disqualification provided to each person under sub-section 3.

- (5) Adopt guidelines to educate athletic coaches, officials, administrators, and youth athletes and their parents or guardians of the nature and risk of concussion and head injury.
- (6) Adopt bylaws or policies that require the parent or guardian of a youth who is participating in athletic competition or who is a candidate for an athletic team to sign and return an informed consent that explains the nature and risk of concussion and head injury, including the risk of continuing to play after concussion or head injury, each year before participating in athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the youth's candidacy for an athletic team.
- (7) Adopt bylaws or policies that require each youth athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or competition to be immediately removed from the activity. A youth athlete who has been removed from an activity may not return to practice or competition until the youth submits to the athletic coach a written medical clearance to return stating that the youth athlete no longer exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion or other head injury. Medical clearance must be authorized by the appropriate health care practitioner trained in the diagnosis, evaluation, and management of concussions as defined by the Sports Medicine Advisory Committee of the Florida High School Athletic Association.

Appended Statute sections referenced in the standards and procedures

Florida Statutes s. 435.03: Level 1 Screening Standards

- (1) All employees required by law to be screened pursuant to this section must undergo background screening as a condition of employment and continued employment which includes, but need not be limited to, employment history checks and statewide criminal correspondence checks through the Department of Law Enforcement, and a check of the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website, and may include local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.
- (2) Any person required by law to be screened pursuant to this section must not have an arrest awaiting final disposition, must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, and must not have been adjudicated delinquent and the record has not been sealed or expunged for, **any offense prohibited under s.** 435.04(2) or similar law of another jurisdiction.
- (3) The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no person subject to this section has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense that constitutes domestic violence as defined in s. <u>741.28</u>, whether such act was committed in this state or in another jurisdiction.

History.—s. 47, ch. 95-228; s. 15, ch. 96-268; s. 21, ch. 96-322; s. 3, ch. 98-417; s. 87, ch. 2000-153; s. 45, ch. 2000-349; s. 62, ch. 2001-62; s. 50, ch. 2003-1; s. 4, ch. 2004-267; s. 3, ch. 2005-119; s. 89, ch. 2006-197; s. 61, ch. 2006-227; s. 109, ch. 2007-5; s. 16, ch. 2008-244; s. 37, ch. 2010-114; s. 34, ch. 2011-4.

Florida Statutes s. 435.04(2): The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no persons subject to the provisions of this section have been arrested for and are awaiting final disposition of, have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, or have been adjudicated delinquent and the record has not been sealed or expunged for, any offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of state law or similar law of another jurisdiction:

- (a) Section <u>393.135</u>, relating to sexual misconduct with certain developmentally disabled clients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
- (b) Section <u>394.4593</u>, relating to sexual misconduct with certain mental health patients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
- (c) Section <u>415.111</u>, relating to adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation of aged persons or disabled adults
- (d) Section <u>777.04</u>, relating to attempts, solicitation, and conspiracy to commit an offense listed in this subsection.
- (e) Section <u>782.04</u>, relating to murder.
- (f) Section <u>782.07</u>, relating to manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, or aggravated manslaughter of a child.
- (g) Section <u>782.071</u>, relating to vehicular homicide.
- (h) Section 782.09, relating to killing of an unborn child by injury to the mother.
- (i) Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable negligence, if the offense was a felony.
- (j) Section 784.011, relating to assault, if the victim of the offense was a minor.
- (k) Section 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim of the offense was a minor.
- (I) Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.

- (m) Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.
- (n) Section <u>787.025</u>, relating to luring or enticing a child.
- (o) Section <u>787.04(2)</u>, relating to taking, enticing, or removing a child beyond the state limits with criminal intent pending custody proceedings.
- (p) Section <u>787.04(3)</u>, relating to carrying a child beyond the state lines with criminal intent to avoid producing a child at a custody hearing or delivering the child to the designated person.
- (q) Section <u>790.115(1)</u>, relating to exhibiting firearms or weapons within 1,000 feet of a school.
- (r) Section 790.115(2)(b), relating to possessing an electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon on school property.
- (s) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.
- (t) Former s. 794.041, relating to prohibited acts of persons in familial or custodial authority.
- (u) Section 794.05, relating to unlawful sexual activity with certain minors.
- (v) Chapter 796, relating to prostitution.
- (w) Section <u>798.02</u>, relating to lewd and lascivious behavior.
- (x) Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent exposure.
- (y) Section 806.01, relating to arson.
- (z) Section <u>810.02</u>, relating to burglary.
- (aa) Section <u>810.14</u>, relating to voyeurism, if the offense is a felony.
- (bb) Section <u>810.145</u>, relating to video voyeurism, if the offense is a felony.
- (cc) Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related crimes, if the offense is a felony.
- (dd) Section <u>817.563</u>, relating to fraudulent sale of controlled substances, only if the offense was a felony.
- (ee) Section <u>825.102</u>, relating to abuse, aggravated abuse, or neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult.
- (ff) Section <u>825.1025</u>, relating to lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person or disabled adult.
- (gg) Section <u>825.103</u>, relating to exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult, if the offense was a felony.
- (hh) Section <u>826.04</u>, relating to incest.
- (ii) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated child abuse, or neglect of a child.
- (jj) Section 827.04, relating to contributing to the delinquency or dependency of a child.
- (kk) Former s. <u>827.05</u>, relating to negligent treatment of children.
- (II) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by a child.
- (mm) Section 843.01, relating to resisting arrest with violence.
- (nn) Section <u>843.025</u>, relating to depriving a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer means of protection or communication.
- (oo) Section 843.12, relating to aiding in an escape.
- (pp) Section <u>843.13</u>, relating to aiding in the escape of juvenile inmates in correctional institutions.
- (qq) Chapter 847, relating to obscene literature.
- (rr) Section <u>874.05</u>, relating to encouraging or recruiting another to join a criminal gang.
- (ss) Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and control, only if the offense was a felony or if any other person involved in the offense was a minor.
- (tt) Section <u>916.1075</u>, relating to sexual misconduct with certain forensic clients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
- (uu) Section <u>944.35(3)</u>, relating to inflicting cruel or inhuman treatment on an inmate resulting in great bodily harm.
- (vv) Section <u>944.40</u>, relating to escape.
- (ww) Section 944.46, relating to harboring, concealing, or aiding an escaped prisoner.

- (xx) Section 944.47, relating to introduction of contraband into a correctional facility.
- (yy) Section <u>985.701</u>, relating to sexual misconduct in juvenile justice programs.
- (zz) Section 985.711, relating to contraband introduced into detention facilities.
- (3) The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no person subject to this section has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense that constitutes domestic violence as defined in s. <u>741.28</u>, whether such act was committed in this state or in another jurisdiction.

History.—s. 47, ch. 95-228; s. 16, ch. 96-268; s. 22, ch. 96-322; s. 4, ch. 98-417; s. 5, ch. 99-284; s. 88, ch. 2000-153; s. 7, ch. 2001-125; s. 5, ch. 2004-267; s. 4, ch. 2005-119; s. 111, ch. 2006-120; s. 90, ch. 2006-197; s. 110, ch. 2007-5; s. 3, ch. 2007-112; s. 66, ch. 2009-223; s. 6, ch. 2010-31; s. 38, ch. 2010-114; s. 10, ch. 2012-73; s. 4, ch. 2013-80; s. 6, ch. 2014-84; s. 4, ch. 2014-194.

<u>Florida Statutes s. 435.07</u>: Exemptions from disqualification.—Unless otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section apply to exemptions from disqualification for disqualifying offenses revealed pursuant to background screenings required under this chapter, regardless of whether those disqualifying offenses are listed in this chapter or other laws.

- (1)(a) The head of the appropriate agency may grant to any employee otherwise disqualified from employment an exemption from disqualification for:
 - 1. Felonies for which at least 3 years have elapsed since the applicant for the exemption has completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for the disqualifying felony;
 - 2. Misdemeanors prohibited under any of the statutes cited in this chapter or under similar statutes of other jurisdictions for which the applicant for the exemption has completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court;
 - 3. Offenses that were felonies when committed but that are now misdemeanors and for which the applicant for the exemption has completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court; or
 - 4. Findings of delinquency. For offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult and the record has not been sealed or expunged, the exemption may not be granted until at least 3 years have elapsed since the applicant for the exemption has completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for the disqualifying offense.
- (b) A person applying for an exemption who was ordered to pay any amount for any fee, fine, fund, lien, civil judgment, application, costs of prosecution, trust, or restitution as part of the judgment and sentence for any disqualifying felony or misdemeanor must pay the court-ordered amount in full before he or she is eligible for the exemption.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "felonies" means both felonies prohibited under any of the statutes cited in this chapter or under similar statutes of other jurisdictions.

- (2) Persons employed, or applicants for employment, by treatment providers who treat adolescents 13 years of age and older who are disqualified from employment solely because of crimes under s. <u>817.563</u>, s. <u>893.137</u>, or s. <u>893.147</u> may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this chapter without application of the waiting period in subparagraph (1)(a)1.
- (3)(a) In order for the head of an agency to grant an exemption to any employee, the employee must demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the employee should not be disqualified from employment. Employees seeking an exemption have the burden of setting forth clear and convincing evidence of rehabilitation, including, but not limited to, the circumstances surrounding the criminal incident for which an exemption is sought, the time period that has elapsed since the incident, the nature of the harm caused to the victim, and the history of the employee since the incident, or any other evidence or circumstances indicating that the employee will not present a danger if employment or continued employment is allowed.
- (b) The agency may consider as part of its deliberations of the employee's rehabilitation the fact that the employee has, subsequent to the conviction for the disqualifying offense for which the exemption is being sought, been arrested for or convicted of another crime, even if that crime is not a disqualifying offense.
- (c) The decision of the head of an agency regarding an exemption may be contested through the hearing procedures set forth in chapter 120. The standard of review by the administrative law judge is whether the agency's intended action is an abuse of discretion.
- (4)(a) Disqualification from employment under this chapter may not be removed from, nor may an exemption be granted to, any personnel who is found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or who has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any felony covered by s. <u>435.03</u> or s. <u>435.04</u> solely by reason of any pardon, executive clemency, or restoration of civil rights.
- (b) Disqualification from employment under this chapter may not be removed from, nor may an exemption be granted to, any person who is a:
- 1. Sexual predator as designated pursuant to s. <u>775.21</u>;
- 2. Career offender pursuant to s. <u>775.261</u>; or
- 3. Sexual offender pursuant to s. <u>943.0435</u>, unless the requirement to register as a sexual offender has been removed pursuant to s. <u>943.04354</u>.
- (5) Exemptions granted by one agency shall be considered by subsequent agencies, but are not binding on the subsequent agency.

History.—s. 47, ch. 95-228; s. 47, ch. 2000-349; s. 64, ch. 2001-62; s. 29, ch. 2004-267; s. 9, ch. 2005-128; s. 41, ch. 2010-114; s. 8, ch. 2014-84.